

Global Resource Geopolitics

Natural Resource Development and Conflict

Lecturer: Dr. David Lehrer

3 hours once a week, 3 credits, Undergraduate

Course description

Conflict over natural resources is often described as the defining feature of our age. As global demand for energy, consumer goods, and high-tech increases, so our geopolitical contests seem to intensify. Technological development continues to change the definition of resources, the nature of conflicts, and the way resources are valued, extracted, exchanged, and controlled across the globe. Meanwhile, diverse actors and institutions are experimenting with measures to govern the immense, essential, and deeply problematic enterprises responsible for wresting raw materials from the earth and transforming them into the hardware of everyday life. In a time of multiple environmental and political crises, it is especially important to understand how global resource geopolitics shape our lives in ways big and small.

This introductory course equips students with the tools they need to understand the relationship between conflict, natural resources, and the effects of this relationship on development, peace, and security. The course is divided into three parts. Part I familiarizes students with key concepts in global resource geopolitics and examines the historical transformations that led to our present moment of global conflict, climate crisis, and widespread predictions of resource exhaustion. Part II examines the key concepts behind fears of resource scarcity, namely the environment, natural resources, and thresholds. Part III examines key cases and governance approaches to global resource geopolitics, looking at conflict minerals, oil and gas and renewable alternatives. Throughout the course, we examine cases from the Americas, Eurasia, and Africa. Students will complete a semester-long research project that analyzes the geopolitics of a country and resource of their choice.

Learning Goals:

By the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- Differentiate between high value and basic natural resources and describe their impacts on development, peace, and security.
- Identify “resource curse” situations and analyze their impact on geopolitics regionally and globally.
- Present evidence-based opinions in writing and verbally on natural resource scarcity, the climate crisis and geopolitical conflict.
- Discuss the role of the oil industry in our current climate crisis and provide evidence-based arguments for sustainable energy policies.

- Propose creative solutions to turn resource fueled conflicts into resource-based cooperation.
- Engage with guest speakers and fellow students who reflect different perspectives and experiences in an open, prepared, and non-judgmental way placing views expressed in a larger context.

Grading and Assignments:

- **Midterm Exam (35% of final grade):** The purpose of the midterm exam is to assess and reinforce your grasp of the key concepts covered in the course. The midterm exam will cover all readings and lectures assigned during Part I and II.
- **Geopolitical Extraction Profile (35% of final grade):** This essay focuses on a particular country and resource providing an overview of the history of extraction in the country and how that history impacts the country's current geopolitical, developmental, and socioeconomic circumstances. The profile then traces the production chain of the commodity extracted from the country and to the fullest extent possible, describes the journey of the commodity from its point of origin to its final point of consumption and disposal. The essay should include a graphic rendition (map or flow chart) showing the commodity chain.
- **Final Presentation (15% of final grade):** The final class will be devoted to your presentations. The final presentation must discuss the relationship between commodity extraction and regional geopolitics, contain a visual component, and allow time for a brief Q&A.
- **Attendance (15% of final grade):** Your attendance and preparation are important to achieving the greatest possible learning outcomes for you and your peers. Students are responsible for keeping up with the material covered in all classes. Planned absences must be reported in advance. Please review institute absentee policy.

CLASS SCHEDULE (12 weeks)

Part I: Geopolitics: The Basics		
Goal: Familiarizes students with key concepts in global resource geopolitics and examines the historical transformations that led to our present moment of global conflict, climate crisis, and widespread predictions of resource exhaustion. Lecture and Discussion Themes: Classical Geopolitics; Critical Geopolitics; Environmental Geopolitics		
Class	Class Content	Reading
Sunday Sep 10 th	Introduction to Resource Geopolitics. Struggle to save the Samar sand dunes of the southern Israel – a personal story. <i>What do I hope to get out of this course?</i>	

Class	Class Content	Reading
Wednesday Sep 27 th	Classical Geopolitics: The geographical pivot of Eurasia – the world is a closed system.	Mackinder (1904)
	Critical Geopolitics: Feminist Geopolitics, examining politics at scales other than the Nation-State	Hyndman (2001)
Sunday Oct 1 st	Environmental Geopolitics: The Age of the Anthropocene	Dalby (2012)
	Discourse, Practice, and Representation: The West and the Rest	Hall (1995)
Sunday Oct 8 th	The Three Ages of Geopolitics; Civilizational Geopolitics, Naturalized Geopolitics, Ideological Geopolitics	Agnew (2003) Reidy (2011)
Part II: The Environment, Natural Resources, and Society		
Goal: Examines the key concepts behind fears of resource scarcity, namely the environment, natural resources, and thresholds. Lecture and Discussion Themes: Geopolitical and Geo-economic organization: Society vs Nature, Core and Periphery, Town and Hinterland, The Greater Good and Sacrifice Zones		
Class	Class Content	Reading
Sunday Oct 22 nd	'The Greater Good', Sacrifice Zones and the "Resource Curse"	Valdivia (2015)
	<i>Topic for Geopolitical Extraction Profile due</i>	Pruett (2016) Sachs & Warner (2001) Manberger & Johansson (2019)
	Tragedy of the Commons: Understanding the consequences of unhindered resource extraction. <i>Numerical example</i>	Hardin (1968) Gardiner (2001)
Sunday Oct 29 th	Population Growth: The carrying capacity of the planet.	Tal & Kerrit (2020)
	<i>Guest Lecture: MK, Prof. Alon Tal</i>	
	Environmental Conflict Resolution: The environment as a cause and a victim of conflict <i>Mid-term Exam review</i>	UNEP (2009)
Sunday Nov 5 th	Mid-term Exam – on Parts I and II of course and work on <i>Geopolitical Extraction Profile</i>	

Part III: Key Issues and Case Studies		
Goal: To examine key cases and governance approaches to global resource geopolitics, looking at conflict minerals, oil and gas. Lecture and Discussion Themes: The history, politics and economics of conflict minerals and oil extraction		
Class	Class Content	Reading
Sunday Nov 12 th	History of Oil and its impact on the shape of the world we live in.	Shah (2004)
	<i>"Who Framed Roger Rabbit?"</i>	
	<i>Geopolitical Extraction Topics due – Country and Resource</i>	
Sunday Nov 19 th	Climate Change, the Middle East, and the Promise of a Post-Oil Era	Rabinowitz (2020)
	<i>Guest Lecture: Professor Dan Rabinowitz, Reichman University</i>	
Sunday Nov 26 th	Tar Sands, Pipelines and Fracking	Adkin (2015) Willow & Wylie (2014) Denchak & Lindwall (2021)
	From the headlines – examples for of oil resource conflicts from around the world	
	Case study: Cobalt & the Democratic Republic of the Congo, how mineral extraction improves and destroys communities in the Congo, the role of the government and the role of international corporations.	
Sunday Dec 3 rd	International Governance: Challenges and solutions to responsible resource management in a global economy.	OECD (2016) Whitney (2015) Raghaven (2014)
	Keys to a Clean Energy Future: History, Applications, and Production	
	<i>Guest Lecture: Jozsef Kadar – Center for Renewable Energy and Conservation</i>	
	<i>Draft Geopolitical Extraction Profiles due</i>	
Sunday Dec 10 th	Harvesting the Dead Sea – The dilemma of the commons	Gounon (2021)
	Student Presentations of Geopolitical Extraction Profiles	
Sunday Dec 17 th	Student Presentations of Geopolitical Extraction Profiles	
	Class summary	
Thursday Dec 21 st	<i>Geopolitical Extraction Profiles due</i>	

Please note that all guest speakers are tentatively scheduled and will be confirmed closer to the date of the class.

READINGS

- Adkin, Laurie E. (2015) Ecology and Governance in a First World Petro-State. Chapter 1 in *First World Petro-Politics: The Political Ecology and Governance of Alberta*. Pp. 3 – 50. **Google Books**
- Agnew, John (2003) The Three Ages of Geopolitics. Chapter 6 in *Geopolitics: Re-Visioning World Politics*. Second Edition. Pp. 85 – 114.
- Dalby, Simon (2012). Environmental Geopolitics in the 21st Century. *Paper for Presentation to the Sussex Conference “Rethinking Climate Change, Conflict, and Security.”* October 18 – 19, 2012.
- Denchak, Melissa & Courtney Lindwall (2021) What Is the Keystone XL Pipeline? <https://www.nrdc.org/stories/what-keystone-pipeline>
- Eichstadt, Peter (2013). Prologue: The Gates of Hell in *Consuming the Congo: War and Conflict Minerals in the World’s Deadliest Place*. Chicago Review Press.
- Eichstadt, Peter (2013). Into Coltan Country and Realities of Refugees. Chapters 11 & 12 in *Consuming the Congo: War and Conflict Minerals in the World’s Deadliest Place*. Chicago Review Press.
- Flink, James J. (1988) The Automobile Age. London and Cambridge: MIT Press. Pp. 358 - 376
- Gardiner, Stephen Mark (2001). The Real Tragedy of the Commons. *Philosophy and Public Affairs*. Pp. 387 – 416.
- Gounon, Claire (2021). Sinkholes on receding Dead Sea shore mark 'nature's revenge' (2021, October 27) retrieved 18 February 2022 from <https://phys.org/news/2021-10-sinkholes-receding-dead-sea-shore.html>
- Hall, Stuart (1995) “The West and the Rest: Discourse and Power,” pp. 276 – 318
- Hardin, Gareth (1968). The Tragedy of the Commons. *Science*. 162(3859): 1243 - 1248
- Hyndman, Jennifer. (2001) Towards a feminist geopolitics. *The Canadian Geographer*. Pp. 210 – 222
- Kaplan, Robert D. (1994) The Coming Anarchy: How Scarcity, Crime, Overpopulation, Tribalism, and Disease are Rapidly Destroying the Fabric of Our Planet. *The Atlantic Monthly*.
- Le Billion, Philippe. (2004) The Geopolitical Economy of ‘Resource Wars’ *Geopolitics*. Pp. 1 – 28
- Mackinder, Halford J. (1904) The Geographical Pivot of History. *Geographical Journal*. Pp. 421 – 437.
- Månberger, Andre and Bengt Johansson (2019) The geopolitics of metals and metalloids used for the renewable energy transition. *Energy Strategy Reviews*, Pp 1-10.
- McGuire, Thomas and Diane Austin (2016) Beyond the Horizon: Oil and Gas Along the Gulf of Mexico. Chapter 16 in Strauss, Sarah, Stephanie Rupp, and

- Thomas Love (eds) *Cultures of Energy: Power, Practices, Technologies*. Pp. 298 – 311. Available as an ebook:
<http://site.ebrary.com.ezproxy.bu.edu/lib/bostonuniv/reader.action?docID=10643046&ppg=200> BU Library ID Login Required
- OECD (2016), OECD Due Diligence Guidance for Responsible Supply Chains of Minerals from Conflict-Affected and High-Risk Areas: Third Edition, *OECD Publishing, Paris*.
<http://dx.doi.org/10.1787/9789264252479-en>
- Pruett, Dave. (2016). We're all in the Sacrifice Zone Now. *The Huffington Post Blog*. Available at: http://www.huffingtonpost.com/dave-pruett/were-all-in-the-sacrifice-zone-now_b_9823482.html
- Raghaven, S. (2014, November 30). "How a well-intentioned U.S. law left Congolese miners jobless." *The Washington Post*. Available at: https://www.washingtonpost.com/world/africa/how-a-well-intentioned-us-law-left-congolese-miners-jobless/2014/11/30/14b5924e-69d3-11e4-9fb4-a622dae742a2_story.html
- Reidy, Michael S. (2011) From the Oceans to the Mountains: Spatial Science in an Age of Empire. Chapter 1 in *Knowing Global Environments: New Historical Perspectives on the Field Sciences*. Pp. 17 – 38.
- Rodney, Walter (1982) *How Europe Underdeveloped Africa*, Washington, D.C.: Howard University Press. Pp. 3-29
- Sachs, Jeffrey and Andrew M. Warner. (2001) Natural Resources and Economic Development: The Curse of Natural Resources. *European Economic Review* 45. Pp. 827 – 838.
- Shah, Sonia (2004) *Crude: The Story of Oil*. New York: Seven Stories Press. Pp. 1- 16
- Sovacool, B.K., (2019) The precarious political economy of cobalt: Balancing prosperity, poverty, and brutality in artisanal and industrial mining in the Democratic Republic of the Congo. *The Extractive Industries and Society*, Volume 6, Issue 3, Pages 915-939.
- Tal, Alon, Dorit Kerret. (2020). Positive psychology as a strategy for promoting sustainable population policies. *Heliyon* 6 e03696
- United Nations Sustainable Development Solutions Network. 2015. Mapping Mining to the Sustainable Development Goals: A Preliminary Atlas. *Executive Summary*. Available at: <http://unsdsn.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/09/DRAFT-Final-ES-Mining-and-SDGs-v2.pdf>
- Valdivia, Gabriela. (2015) The Sacrificial Zones of "Progressive" Extraction in Andean Latin America. *Latin American Research Review* 50(3) Pp. 245-253.
- Whitney, T. (2015). Conflict Minerals, Black Markets, and Transparency: The Legislative Background of Dodd-Frank Section 1502 and Its Historical Lessons. *Journal of Human Rights*, 14(2), 183-200.
- Willow, Anna J. and Sara Wylie (2014). Politics, ecology, and the new anthropology of energy: exploring the emerging frontiers of hydraulic fracking. *Journal of Political Ecology* 21(12): 222 – 236.